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# Question Paper Code: 91816

# B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2019 Sixth Semester

Mechanical Engineering

ME 6004 – UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES

(Common to: Mechanical and Automation Engineering/B.E. Production Engineering)
(Regulations 2013)

Also common to: (PTME 6004 – Unconventional Machining Processes for B.E. (Part-Time) – Sixth Semester – Mechanical Engineering – Regulations – 2014)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

# Answer ALL questions

#### PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. Distinguish between traditional and non-traditional machining processes.
- 2. Conventional mechanical machining process is not very effective on soft metals like aluminium. Why?
- 3. What are the process parameters affecting the material removal rate in abrasive jet machining?
- 4. Name the different abrasives used in abrasive jet machining process.
- 5. Distinguish between electric discharge machining and Wire cut electric discharge machining.
- 6. What is overcutting in electric discharge machining process and how it is affected by amperage and frequency?
- 7. What is the use of maskant in chemical machining?
- 8. Compare electro chemical grinding with conventional grinding.
- 9. Why electron beam machining is performed in a vacuum chamber?
- 10. Distinguish between transferred arc and non-transferred arc in plasma arc machining.

#### PART - B

 $(5\times13=65 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 11. a) i) List the basic limitations of conventional manufacturing process. Justify the need of unconventional manufacturing process in today's industries. **(5)** 
  - ii) Explain the classification of unconventional machining processes according to major energy source employed. (8)

(OR)

- i) Mention the best suited Unconventional machining process for the following 201 operations: **(4)** 
  - i) For producing microholes
  - ii) For machining small holes
  - iii) For machining deep holes
- iv) For producing shallow holes
  - v) For precision through cavities in work pieces
  - vi) For grinding operation
  - vii) For honing operation
  - viii) For Deburring operation
  - ii) How will you analyze the applicability of different processes to different materials, namely metals, alloys and non-metals? Presentation in the form of a table is preferred. (9)
- 12. a) Write short notes on the following:

(13)

- i) Transducers used in USM machine,
- ii) Effect of amplitude of vibration, frequency of vibration, grain size and % of abrasive concentration, on MRR in USM,
- iii) Possible effects of use of audible frequency in USM,
- iv) Functions of slurry, horn, transducer, and oscillator in USM,
- v) Conventional grinding and USM,
- vi) Working principle of USM (show the necessary sketch).

(OR)

- b) Describe the following with respect to water jet machining:
  - i) Equipments,

- ii) Process characteristics.
- iii) Process performance and iv) Applications
- v) Schematic diagram.
- 13. a) Why stratified wire is used in wire electric discharge machining? Explain working principle of wire electric discharge machining with simple sketch and discuss its various elements. (13)

(OR)



- b) What is normal and reverse polarity in electric discharge machining? With neat sketch explain the various methods of dielectric flusing in electric discharge machining. (13)
- 14. a) With neat sketch explain the principle of operation of the electro-chemical machining process. What are the characteristics of electrolyte used in electro chemical machining process? (13)

(OR)

- b) Explain the principle of electrochemical grinding with a neat sketch. State the process capabilities and applications. (13)
- 15. a) Explain with a neat sketch, the working principle of laser beam machining process and state its applications. (13)

(OR)

b) Describe electron beam machining process with a simple sketch and write about its process parameters, advantage and applications. (13)

#### PART - C

 $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 16. a) You are a manufacturing engineer employed by a tool making company whose main business is in sub-contract manufacture of a wide range of tools used in the injection moulding and forging industries. There is also a specialist division, machining small batches of precision components for the aerospace industry. Component workpiece materials include tool steels, high duty alloys and a range of sintered materials, non-ferrous materials stainless steels and ceramics. The existing manufacturing facility include all the usual conventional machine tools including a number of standalone CNC multi-tool machining centres. Your managing director, through his trade association and by glancing through technical journals is aware that competitors of the company are introducing non-conventional manufacturing processes to their facilities. You have been requested to submit a brief report covering the following issues:
  - i) What is meant by the term non-conventional manufacturing processes?
  - ii) How do non-conventional processes compare with the company's existing process facilities in respect to: Feature capability, Surface finish, Surface integrity, Material removal rate, Tool wear, Environmental issues and Skill requirements?
  - iii) What particular non-conventional process might be suitable for the company's current product portfolio?

(OR)

- b) How will you decide to recommend specific advanced machining processes for
  - i) Cutting a glass plate into two pieces,
  - ii) Making a hole in a mild steel workpiece?

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